

國立花蓮高級商業職業學校 101 年度第 1 次教師甄選
英文科試題

I. Vocabulary 20%

- B 1. Nobody thought he would win. But against all ____, he did.
(A) ruins (B) odds (C) means (D) wrecks
- C 2. All the players and athletes have to undergo months of ____ training programs before competing in the Olympics.
(A) amiable (B) robust (C) rigorous (D) recreational
- C 3. The shock of ____ on her face was the best evidence that she knew nothing about the change.
(A) rotation (B) radiation (C) realization (D) resolution
- B 4. The mother felt hurt when she found her son was no longer the quiet, ____ boy that he used to be.
(A) mischievous (B) obedient (C) moral (D) charitable
- D 5. Parents can ____ their children's writing at home through activities like creating a journal or diary.
(A) dictate (B) articulate (C) amplify (D) supplement
- A 6. Young and full of ____, David is always on the move, itchy to try anything new.
(A) stamina (B) endurance (C) pessimism (D) autonomy
- B 7. The company is cutting ____ on overseas business trips due to the economic downturn.
(A) tuition (B) expenditures (C) revenue (D) shortcomings
- D 8. The company tried to ____ their products and services to gain more customers in this competitive market.
(A) thrust (B) venture (C) certify (D) diversify
- A 9. They were practically penniless after they lost all the ____ they put in the bank.
(A) principal (B) conservation (C) gospel (D) ransom
- C 10. One rule of dining ____ is that one should not slurp when eating soup.
(A) layout (B) momentum (C) etiquette (D) regime
- B 11. Due to the thick fog, all the flights were delayed or canceled, and many travelers were ____ at the airport.
(A) stranded (B) lodged (C) faltered (D) vibrated
- D 12. Not easily ____ by humans, this deserted island is inhabited by a large variety of species.
(A) substituted (B) executed (C) mingled (D) accessible
- B 13. The scandal has greatly ____ the value of the company's stock, which worried the shareholders of the company a lot.
(A) compensated (B) diminished (C) crumbled (D) dispersed
- B 14. Students who work at a disorganized and ____ desk often find it hard to concentrate with so many objects around.
(A) liberated (B) cluttered (C) glossy (D) impaired



- D 15. His credibility was ___ when he was found to have fabricated false data for his paper.
(A) amputated (B) integrated (C) neutralized (D) compromised
- A 16. The ___ storyline of the detective thriller kept me on the edge of my seat until the very end.
(A) gripping (B) affluent (C) fiery (D) deliberate
- C 17. Interesting cartoons and colorful picture books never fail to ___ young children.
(A) suffice (B) foster (C) intrigue (D) mimic
- D 18. Out of anger, Jack made a(n) ___ decision and quit his job. Now he feels very regretful.
(A) debilitating (B) pitched (C) obstinate (D) impetuous
- D 19. The actor declined to ___ the role in the sequel because he wanted to try something more challenging.
(A) revive (B) manifest (C) delegate (D) reprise
- B 20. High-tech devices are becoming more and more ___. People use them nearly everywhere.
(A) inaugural (B) ubiquitous (C) inexhaustible (D) obscure

II. Reading (Read the passage below and answer the questions in full sentences.) 40%

PART I

Since the initial surge of interest in the education of children who were deaf and blind and had mental retardation in the United States, school services for children with disabilities hadn't made much development for years. In the 1960s a couple of events converged to arouse nationwide attention to the needs of children with disabilities. The first of these was the President's Commission on Mental Retardation established by John F. Kennedy. Because Kennedy had a sister, Rosemary, with mental handicaps, he was openly committed to improving the quality of life for those who had mental retardation after he was elected president in 1960. What's more, he supported the use of federal funds to educate teachers of children with disabilities.

Another event was the civil rights movement in the 1960s, which had a significant impact on families and other advocates of children with disabilities. African Americans launched a lot of protests and campaigns to satisfy their political and social demands for equal rights and access to opportunities at all levels of society. By doing so, they provided an example to families and groups working with children with disabilities of what could be accomplished on behalf of underprivileged groups.

Later, American expert Wolf Wolfensberger was credited with opening the field of developmental disabilities. Much of his work has been concerned with ideologies, structures, and planning patterns of human service systems, especially concerning persons with intellectual disabilities and their families. He conveyed the ideas through his lectures and writings. He also told people about the difficulties people with disabilities faced. In 1972, Wolfensberger articulated the principle of normalization—that people with disabilities should have the opportunity to live as close to a normal life as possible. With his efforts, the lives of millions of people, physically-challenged and mentally-retarded alike, have been transformed. In

fact, no one in contemporary times has had such a profound influence on the field of developmental disabilities as Wolfensberger.

Questions:

21. What contributions did John F. Kennedy make to helping the children with disabilities? 10%

22. Mention three ways in which Wolf Wolfensberger was credited with opening the field of developmental disabilities. 10%

PART 2

The amazing adventures of the Harry Potter books have charmed children and adults alike because these novels offer them a chance to get away from the real, often frustrating world. Therefore, publishers kept looking for the new Harry Potter until the release of *Twilight*, a famous series about impossible relationships between vampires and human girls.

There are indeed some intriguing similarities between Stephenie Meyer and J.K. Rowling. They both came up with the idea for their book series while they were unemployed as stay-at-home mothers. Neither had previously been published, and both have developed a cult-like following of teens and tweens who build fan sites and flock to author events. However, unlike J.K. Rowling, Meyer had had no aspirations to be a published writer prior to her overnight success. In fact, she is a Mormon mother of three and still hasn't read *Dracula* or any other vampire tales. When asked how she had created her best-seller, she admitted with embarrassment that the idea for *Twilight* came to her in a dream on June 2, 2003, a dream which featured vampires, werewolves, and the fantastic landscape that would eventually appear in her series of novels. Meyer did not follow the standard recipe for a fictional vampire but invented a version of a vampire that is easier for readers, especially teenagers, to identify with. Moreover, her series was inspired by the works of great writers, including Shakespeare, Jane Austen, and Charlotte Bronte. Surely, Meyer's faith in religion has also influenced her work greatly. Maybe that is what makes her such a distinctive author in the long history of vampire literature.

In the *Twilight* series, the members of the main vampire family, the Cullens, are not typical vampires. Contrary to the popular belief that vampires feed off the human population, they do not feed off the blood of humans. One of the reasons why the series has become a smashing success is Edward Cullen, the protagonist. While his attractive looks and mysterious appeal may capture the attention of many readers and viewers, his character deviates from classic vampire mythology in several ways. He is a vampire for the whole family: sensitive, sympathetic, lovesick, and more interested in kissing lips than biting necks. In Meyer's romantic description, the traditionally bloody genre is watered down to something that especially caters to young girls. Though *Twilight* has been ridiculed by critics as being more of a romance than a true horror story, the vampire franchise is still sucking in new fans.

Questions:

23. According to the passage, try to describe the attributes vampires have. 10%

24. What makes Edward Cullen, the protagonist, and the Cullen family atypical vampires? 10%

III. **Translation 20%** (From Chinese to English, English to Chinese)

25. 從小我就怕打針。即使到今天我看到針筒還是會發抖。3%

26. 每當人們提到“時尚”的時候，“巴黎”這個詞總是會湧上心頭。每季這個城市都有各式各樣的新品展示。3%

27. 除了定期捐款外，這位有愛心的商人還會抽空到孤兒院幫忙。3%

28. 我們的課程，無論初級或中級，是針對使學生做好進入職場生涯的準備。3%

29. 在臉書上與朋友來往在青少年間頗為流行。因此，掛在網路上是年輕人每天的例行公事。3%

30. Buchanan's mission is to know and understand man-eaters. He wonders if the reasons for the attacks on humans are due to the predators' loss of natural space. He is determined to put himself directly in the path to find out the answers. In Tanzania, he hooks up with a local researcher to try and learn why lions that normally don't eat people now have a taste for human flesh. In Mumbai, India, one of the most populous cities in the world, 57 people have been killed by leopards. Buchanan sets up thermal camera traps and visits the city's suburbs at night. By doing so, he feels he gets a handle on what the opportunistic predators known for their diverse diets do at night. (5%)

IV. **31. Composition 20%** (Mention one of the difficulties you have encountered while teaching and tell how you solved it.) (200-250 words)