

國立嘉義大學九十七學年度轉學生招生考試試題

科目：英文

<請將答案寫在答案卷上>

I. 字彙(請就 A、B、C、D 四個選項中挑選出最合適者，並將該選項填在答案卷上) 20%

1. The government usually responds to criticism by releasing a few well-known prisoners or announcing sweeping reforms that often do not _____. (A) confiscate (B) induce (C) disperse (D) materialize
2. Democracy has given the country new life as it now has the freedom to _____ its own dream. (A) declare (B) glare (C) emerge (D) heal
3. _____ food prices in this African country have sown deep concern among the socialist leadership. (A) Assuring (B) Loading (C) Rocketing (D) Engaging
4. The speaker mentioned that he would like to see more televised debates held to allow the candidates to _____ various issues. (A) endow (B) address (C) bait (D) enclose
5. The businessman regularly introduces or _____ legislation supporting Taiwan's participation in the WHO and bid to join the UN. (A) sponsors (B) enlarges (C) consumes (D) disguises
6. The chairman of the airline company has ordered 55 superjumbo A380s to create the biggest _____ in the world. (A) vehicle (B) convoy (C) transit (D) fleet
7. In the past decade, Japan's military has become less shy in _____ its power away from home. (A) meddling (B) projecting (C) gushing (D) dazing
8. It is predicted that real estate stocks will _____ as much as 50% in a general market sell-off next season. (A) plunge (B) pitch (C) toss (D) grab
9. The new Korean government has not been concrete about its plans to reduce _____ at home, and that is making many environmentalists nervous. (A) profits (B) rationales (C) emissions (D) recessions
10. Scientist once pointed out that by 2040, the world population of more than six billion will be _____ by floods, drought and famine. (A) clashed (B) culled (C) fled (D) skipped

II. 句子結構(請就 A、B、C、D 四個選項中挑選出最合適者，以便確保句子有意義且結構合乎語法。請將該選項寫在答案卷上) 30%

11. Government officials say they are _____ holding a fair election but the citizens are suspicious of their integrity. (A) committed to (B) committed for (C) committed with (D) committed in
12. While diagnoses used to be reserved for serious illness, we now diagnose illness in people who have no symptoms _____. (A) to the good (B) all for life (C) at all (D) in danger
13. It _____ not be the last great business model, but Google has proved that search linked to commercial aids is a very large and promising business. (A) would (B) may (C) shall (D) ought

14. Reliable tests to determine resistance to first-line drugs were developed when the drugs were first marketed _____ a half-century ago. (A) about (B) right (C) ahead (D) beyond
15. _____ children can remember their nightmares and parents should let them explain the dreams, though parents often do not understand them. (A) On purpose (B) For all (C) In one way (D) As a rule
16. The Teacher's Association indicates that the number of teachers changing jobs or leaving _____ retirement is steadily increasing. (A) by (B) for (C) along (D) through
17. It wasn't a problem when Russia was weak and poor and eager to _____ itself _____ the West. (A) comply...to (B) accompany...with (C) integrate...into (D) fit...onto
18. A good history book simply offers objective description about the political life of a country; _____, facts about politics are given, but opinions are not expressed. (A) even though (B) on the other hand (C) by and large (D) that is
19. It takes wisdom, experience, and vision to _____ a tough problem as such. (A) cope with (B) take off (C) put up (D) bring about
20. Man uses the spoken or written word to express the meaning of _____ he wants to convey. (A) that (B) what (C) which (D) each
21. The Spanish explorer and conqueror Hernando Cortez was probably the first white man to gaze _____ the American bison. (A) into (B) upon (C) at (D) for
22. Many villagers believe that drinking sassafras tea in the morning helps the body to _____ the changing season. (A) adjust to (B) link to (C) look forward to (D) used to
23. This article acquaints us _____ the various alternatives available in improving health for children. (A) of (B) along (C) in (D) with
24. The guest became so annoyed _____ accuse me of not listening, saying that perhaps I did not want to have business with him. (A) as usual (B) as long as (C) as to (D) as far as
25. The world is a flux of more or less identifiable things and events _____ a solitary animal may pick his way and preserve his life. (A) by which (B) in which (C) for which (D) below which

III. 閱讀測驗(請閱讀每一篇短文並依照其內容回答附帶的問題)30%

Passage 1

By the early 1820s, Cherokee Indians of the Southeastern United States had reached an advanced level of civilization. The tribe's greatest success, in 1821, was the development of a system of writing, which was the work of Sequoyia. Sequoyia, who had grown up among the Cherokees, had been a hunter and fur trader until crippled in a hunting accident. He had never gone to school and could not speak nor

understand English. But he was by nature a thoughtful and talented man. Having seen the importance of reading, writing, and printing among whites, he studied English letters in mission-school primers and set out to develop a Cherokee alphabet.

26. The Cherokee Indians lived in (A) the Southeast.
(B) the Midwest. (C) the Northwest. (D) the West.
27. Sequoia developed a system of writing during the early
(A) 1700s. (B) 1760s. (C) 1820s. (D) 1860s.
28. Sequoia is described in the articles as (A) mature. (B) educated.
(C) dedicated. (D) talented.
29. Sequoia had grown up among the Cherokees as (A) a teacher.
(B) a priest. (C) a hunter. (D) none of the above.
30. Sequoia probably would not have invented the Cherokee alphabet
(A) if he had not gone to school. (B) if he had not been injured in
an accident. (C) if he had not understood English. (D) if he had
not read the Bible regularly.

Passage 2

When a drug is one that should be used only under a doctor's supervision, the law requires that it be sold only by prescription. Special tests or instructions may be needed.

A prescription is as personal as your name. It is designed for you alone. It is based on such factors as your age, weight, general health, allergies, and other factors, as well as your illness.

Never take a prescription drug meant for another person, even if you think you have the same disease. Prescriptions are not supposed to be traded around the family or neighborhood. Each prescription is intended for an individual. It is a violation of federal law to sell a prescription drug without a prescription.

A doctor must write a prescription or phone it directly to the store. Otherwise a pharmacist is forbidden by law to fill it.

31. In order to take drugs, some people may need (A) a court order.
(B) a special test. (C) a pharmacist's approval. (D) all of the
above.
32. One factor which influences a prescription is a person's
(A) income. (B) name. (C) blood type. (D) allergies.
33. According to the author, selling prescription drugs without a
prescription is a violation of (A) family law. (B) state law.
(C) federal law. (D) international law.
34. The author advises two people with the same disease (A) not to
use the same prescription. (B) not to fill prescriptions at the same
drugstore. (C) not to see the same doctor. (D) not to violate the
same law.
35. The author implies that (A) prescription is not designed for one
individual alone. (B) a doctor may not give a prescription to a
druggist by phone. (C) a person may take a medicine prescribed
for a previous illness. (D) none of the above.

Passage 3

To the west of Puerto Rico, across Mona Passage, lies the much larger island of Hispaniola. The island, slightly smaller than South Dakota, is quite interesting. The city of Santo Domingo, founded in 1496, is the oldest settlement in the Western Hemisphere. The remains of Christopher Columbus are said to be buried there. It is the only island in the world where two republics exist side by side.

Haiti occupies the western third of the island. It is the world's oldest Black republic. French is its official language. It shares the island with the Dominican Republic, whose traditions and language are Spanish.

The Arawak Indians called the whole island Haiti, meaning "highlands." Today the name is used for only the Republic of Haiti, which is almost entirely mountainous.

36. Hispaniola is about the same size as (A) South Dakota.
(B) California. (C) Rhode Island. (D) Dominican Republic.
37. Santo Domingo was founded in the late (A) 1300s. (B) 1400s.
(C) 1500s. (D) 1600s.
38. The official language of Haiti is (A) Spanish. (B) Portuguese.
(C) English. (D) French.
39. The famous person who was supposedly buried in Santo Domingo is
(A) Magellan. (B) Ponce de Leon. (C) Columbus.
(D) Domingo.
40. In the Indian language, Haiti means (A) rocky place.
(B) highlands. (C) great swamp. (D) islands.

IV. 翻譯(請將中文句子翻譯成英文, 將英文句子翻譯成中文) 20 %

1. 公眾人物, 例如電影明星或政治人物, 很需要曝光以建立知名度, 卻也強烈要求媒體能夠尊重他們的隱私權。
2. The Arctic is experiencing some of the most rapid climate change on earth as vast areas of ice melt. Life in Greenland has changed a lot already and over the next 100 years, global warming is likely to bring further ecological and social impact. If all of Greenland's ice were to melt it would raise the global sea level close to seven meters—that's enough to submerge all of Bangladesh, the Pacific Islands and much of Florida.

