

國立嘉義大學九十一學年度轉學生招生考試試題

科目：英文

(請將答案寫在答案卷上)

I. Choose the most appropriate words from those given below the passage. (16%)

Voice mail has taken over the phone waves! People find more and more ___1___ that when they call a business, they are greeted not by a ___2___ voice but by a “voice-mail center.” This is a recorded ___3___ that asks you to perform a series of tasks. For example, it may tell you to “press ___4___ on your Touch-Tone phone” if you’re calling about a sale, to “press two if you have questions about faulty ___5___,” or to “press three to be put on a mailing list.” These recorded messages can be hard to follow and time-___6___ for the caller. If you’re lucky, you can ___7___ the string of recorded messages by pressing zero, and eventually speak to a human customer-service ___8___. Although electronic answering systems may be cost-effective for businesses, they are unpopular with many customers.

1. (A) often (B) seldom (C) always (D) once
2. (A) machine (B) human (C) animal (D) alien
3. (A) answer (B) question (C) favor (D) greeting
4. (A) one (B) first (C) button (D) key
5. (A) produce (B) production (C) product (D) productive
6. (A) consumer (B) consuming (C) consummation (D) consumption
7. (A) surf (B) delete (C) bypass (D) strike
8. (A) represent (B) representation (C) representational (D) representative

II. Choose the best answer. (24%)

1. I can't figure out how to operate this camera because it's too _____.
(A) industrial (B) complex (C) normal (D) basic
2. The Middle East has been a very tense _____ for many years.
(A) level (B) crisis (C) region (D) climate
3. Eva is very stubborn and will not listen to advice. She went downtown at night _____ we told her that it wasn't safe.
(A) even though (B) even if (C) now that (D) in order that
4. The basketball game was an exciting event. The fans cheered at every goal _____ by their team.
(A) being scores (B) having scored (C) scoring (D) scored
5. The photocopier is broken again. We will be unable to make any copies until the technician has the machine _____ properly.
(A) functioning (B) to function (C) functions (D) is functioning
6. He must be rich, _____ he spends a lot of money on gifts for his girlfriend.
(A) but (B) in order to (C) whether (D) for
7. He insists _____ I be there. (A) that (B) so that (C) if (D) as if
8. _____ sports event of the modern era has won the popularity of the World Cup.
(A) No others (B) No other (C) Not others (D) Not other
9. The FIFA World Cup is the _____ single-sport event.
(A) world largest (B) world's largest (C) world larger (D) world's larger
10. The acronym FIFA _____ Federation Internationale de Football Association.
(A) stays for (B) stands for (C) starts for (D) strikes for
11. FIFA _____ in Paris on May 21st, 1904.
(A) was founded (B) was found (C) was funded (D) was finded
12. On June 30th, 2002, Brazil became the cup-holder _____ the _____ time.
(A) of, fifth (B) in, fifth (C) for, fifth (D) at, fifth

III. Reading comprehensions. (45%)

Part A: Choose the best ending for each paragraph.

1. Anthropologist used to believe that romantic love was invented by Europeans in the Middles Ages. By romantic love, they mean an intense attraction and longing to be with the loved person. Some anthropologists believed that this kind of love spread from the west to other cultures only recently. Others thought that it may have existed in some other cultures, but only among the rich and privileged. Now, however, most anthropologists agree that romantic love has probably always existed among humans. It is not surprising, then, that stories of romance, like Romeo and Juliet,
(A) exist only in the West. (B) exist only in Italy.
(C) are unusual outside of the West. (D) are found in many cultures around the world.
2. Almost every language has a topic that especially rich in vocabulary and idiomatic expressions. For example, the Eskimos have many different words to describe snow. The Irish, on the other hand, have many different ways to describe a green landscape. The English have many special words to talk about the flavors of different teas. The French and Italian languages are rich in vocabulary to describe wines. We can conclude that the development of a language is
(A) influenced by the weather. (B) influenced by the environment and the culture.
(C) not influenced by anything. (D) Independent of cultural factors.
3. Robots are entering into all kinds of activities. They've even taken up hunting in some places. Most states of the United States have very strict laws to limit the hunting of deer (a large mammal). Some hunters, however, do not obey the laws and try to kill too many deer. So, the forest services have developed a robot that looks and acts just like a deer. This robot-deer is left in the woods near a road where people will see it. It looks and acts just like a real deer. But if a hunter tries to shoot it, the police come out from

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- the woods and check his hunting license. The hunter may have wanted to get a deer, but, instead the
- (A) police have gotten the deer. (B) deer has gotten the hunter.
 (C) hunter has gotten a large mammal. (D) deer has gotten the police.
4. The use of electric automobiles in the future will help reduce air pollution. This was the conclusion of a recent study by experts of a large area in the northeastern United States. The area is highly urban and includes the cities of New York and Boston. At present, the air quality is often very poor. However, the increased use of electric cars could improve the situation. By the year 2015, there will be about 3.3 million electric cars on the road in the Northeast. According to the study, this will mean
- (A) 20-50% less pollution. (B) 20-50% more pollution.
 (C) a gradual increase in the number of cars on the road. (D) a gradual reduction of air quality in the northeast.
5. Water scarcity is a complex problem involving several factors. Water is a reusable resource. That means that the amount of water on Earth is finite, but it can be used over and over again. Since the amount of water is finite, when demand increases there are problems with supply. It is important to remember that 97 percent of Earth's water is in the ocean, and most of the rest is frozen in the polar ice caps. That means that
- (A) less than 1 percent of the world's water is usable. (B) less than 97 percent of the world's water is usable.
 (C) water from the frozen polar ice caps is plenty. (D) water from the ocean is usable.

Part B: Read the following passage and answer the questions.

Attracting and feeding wild birds are pastimes long enjoyed by people all over the world. Feeding birds has become so popular that prepared feed mixtures are readily available. We feed birds for many reasons.

Many pleasant hours can come from watching birds. A hobby often develops into a serious study of their habits. Accurate identification of birds is usually the first goal. But observations that an amateur bird-watcher can make are really limitless.

But there is responsibility associated with bird feeding, including a disease hazard. Attracting numbers of birds continually to the same spot can be harmful to them, particularly species that pick food from the ground contaminated by the droppings of other birds.

In winter, feeding efforts are most satisfying to people and are of greatest benefit to birds. During this time when fewer natural foods are available and air temperatures are lower, extra feeding can keep a bird warm and well. Once begun, feeding should never stop during these lean months. If you start a local increase of birds, be prepared to do what may be required to eliminate hazards to those you want to befriend. A constant supply of food should be given until the cold is over and spring has come. If feeding is stopped during severe weather, birds used to relying upon the feeders might starve.

Summer feeding is of less value and can be discouraging to the would-be bird lover. Because natural food is readily available, handout is ignored by all but a few species. But nothing is more attractive to birds during hot weather than drinking and bathing places. In droughts a water supply may permit the survival of both adults and nestlings. A birdbath should be cleaned regularly, at least once a week, to prevent mosquito breeding. A shallow pool not more than two inches deep, with a gradual slope and a rough interior finish, is most desirable.

Birds enjoy the spray from a sprinkler or even from a hose. Keeping areas well watered also increases the food supply such as earthworms and many forms of insects. Further, a trickle of water may create the mud that is needed by robins and swallows in building their nest.

All bird bathing, however, is not in water; many birds prefer dusting. Turning soil in a few small spots, preferably at the base of a sunny wall, will provide sites for this activity.

6. Bird feeding is generally most rewarding during
- (A) spring. (B) summer. (C) fall. (D) winter.
7. Feeding birds from the same spot daily may
- (A) harm plant life. (B) attract animals. (C) cause disease. (D) waste time.
8. One thing which is most attractive to birds in hot weather is
- (A) a feeder. (B) a birdbath (C) a birdhouse. (D) a bird sing.
9. What kind of bird uses mud for its nests?
- (A) The hawk (B) The bluebird (C) The oriole (D) The robin
10. The primary intent of most bird-watchers is
- (A) attracting birds. (B) feeding birds. (C) capturing birds. (D) identifying birds.
11. The author implies that birds
- (A) can become dependent on man. (B) are more intelligent than most people think.
 (C) cannot survive during periods of severe weather. (D) cannot bath themselves.
12. Which one of the following statements is false?
- (A) Some birds like to dust themselves with dirt. (B) Most birds migrate during cold weather.
 (C) Birdbaths can breed mosquitoes. (D) Birds pick food from the ground may be contaminated by diseases.
13. The author develops his ideas with
- (A) excellent comparisons. (B) strong criticisms.
 (C) complete examples. (D) helpful suggestions.
14. The author stresses the importance of
- (A) giving birds commercial feed mixtures only. (B) attracting birds to the same spot for seeds.
 (C) continuing feeding once it has been started. (D) building a nest for birds.
15. We may conclude that feeding birds
- (A) is often disappointing to some people. (B) does more harm than good.
 (C) usually benefits birds. (D) is always wasting food.

IV. With 100 to 150 words, write a paragraph describing the classroom, which you are sitting in now. (15%)